

- The Federal Managers Financial Integrity Act (FMFIA) of 1982 requires ongoing evaluations and reports on the adequacy of administrative control over internal accounting systems.
- The Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 requires agencies to use a disciplined capital planning and investment control process to acquire and dispose IT resources.
- The E-Government Act of 2002 promotes better use of the Internet and other IT resources to improve government services.

Relevant OMB circulars and Homeland Security Directives

OMB Circular A-130 is known as Management of Federal Information Resources. Its appendix III titled Security of Federal Automated Information Resources deals with establishing a minimum set of controls to be included in federal automated information security programs, assigning federal agency responsibilities for the security of automated information, and linking agency automated information security programs and agency management control systems. The Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD-12), on the other hand, specifies a "policy for a common identification standard for all Federal employees and contractors." It aims to increase identification security and interoperability. It proposes to standardize the process of issuing a Federal employee or contractor an identification credential.

Latest laws in 2013

The Federal Information Security Amendments Act of 2013 attempts to amend FISMA by reestablishing the oversight authority of the Director of the OMB with respect to agency information security policies and practices. In particular it extends the security requirements of federal agencies to include responsibility for complying with those standards set forth by the NIST.